

**1.\* Introduction.** This program reads a binary `mmo` file output by the `MMIXAL` processor and extracts from it an image file. The image file will contain a true image of the `MMIX` memory after loading the input `mmo` file. Such an image can be used, for example, as an image file for the ROM simulator of the Virtual Motherboard project. A base address for the image file can be specified on the command line with the `-b hexnumber`. The first byte in the image file corresponds to the memory byte at this address. Bytes with lower addresses are ignored. The base address is rounded down to a multiple of 4. The default base address is 8000 0000 0000 0000 creating an image of the operating system memory.

This program was written by Martin Ruckert as a change file to the `mmotype` program of Donald E. Knuth.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
  <Prototype preparations 6>
  <Type definitions 8>
  <Global variables 5*>
  <Subroutines 3*>
int main(argc, argv)
    int argc; char *argv[];
{
    register int j, delta, postamble = 0;
    register char *p;
    <Process the command line 2*>;
    <Initialize everything 4>;
    <List the preamble 24>;
    do <List the next item 14*> while (!postamble);
    <List the postamble 25>;
    if (listing) {
        <List the symbol table 26>;
    }
    <Write the image file 35*>;
    return 0;
}
```

```

2* ⟨Process the command line 2*⟩ ≡
    listing = 0, verbose = 0, base.h = #80000000, base.l = 0;
    for (j = 1; j < argc - 1 ∧ argv[j][0] ≡ '-' ∧ argv[j][2] ≡ '\0'; j++) {
        if (argv[j][1] ≡ 'l') listing = 1;
        else if (argv[j][1] ≡ 'v') verbose = 1;
        else if (argv[j][1] ≡ 'b' ∧ j < argc - 2) base = scan_hex(argv[++j]);
        else if (argv[j][1] ≡ 'u' ∧ j < argc - 2) upper = scan_hex(argv[++j]);
        else break;
    }
    base.l &= ~3;
    if (verbose) printf("base:_%08X%08X\n", base.h, base.l);
    if (verbose) printf("to_:_:%08X%08X\n", upper.h, upper.l);
    if (j ≠ argc - 1) {
        fprintf(stderr,
            "Usage:_%s_[-l]_[-v]_[-b_hexbase]_[-u_hexlimit]_mmofile\n"
            "show_listing\n"
            "start_image_at_hexbase"
            "stop_image_before_upper_hexlimit"
            "\n", argv[0]);
        exit(-1);
    }

```

This code is used in section **1\***.

```

3* ⟨Subroutines 3*⟩ ≡
    octa_scan_hex ARGS((char *));
    octa_scan_hex(p)
        char *p;
    {
        octao = {0, 0};
        if (p[0] ≡ '0' ∧ p[1] ≡ 'x') p = p + 2;
        else if (p[0] ≡ '#') p = p + 1;
        for (; isxdigit(*p); p++) {
            int d;
            if (*p ≥ 'a') d = *p - 'a' + 10;
            else if (*p ≥ 'A') d = *p - 'A' + 10;
            else d = *p - '0';
            o.h = (o.h < 4) + ((o.l > (32 - 4)) & #F);
            o.l = (o.l < 4) + d;
        }
        return o;
    }

```

See also sections **9**, **10**, **11**, **27**, and **33\***.

This code is used in section **1\***.

```

4. ⟨Initialize everything 4⟩ ≡
    mmo_file = fopen(argv[argc - 1], "rb");
    if (¬mmo_file) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Can't open file_%s!\n", argv[argc - 1]);
        exit(-2);
    }

```

See also sections **13** and **18**.

This code is used in section **1\***.

```

5*  ⟨Global variables 5*⟩ ≡
    int listing = 0;    /* are we listing everything? */
    int verbose = 0;    /* are we also showing the tetras of input as they are read? */
    octa base = {#80000000, 0};    /* the start address of the image */
    octa upper = {#FFFFFFFF, #FFFFFFFF};
    FILE *mmo_file;    /* the input file */
    FILE *image_file;    /* the output file */
    char *image_file_name;

```

See also sections 12, 17, 30, and 32\*.

This code is used in section 1\*.

```

6.  ⟨Prototype preparations 6⟩ ≡
    #ifdef __STDC__
    #define ARGS(list)  list
    #else
    #define ARGS(list)  ()
    #endif

```

This code is used in section 1\*.

**7.** A complete definition of *mmo* format appears in the *MMIXAL* document. Here we need to define only the basic constants used for interpretation.

```

#define mm    #98    /* the escape code of mmo format */
#define lop_quote #0    /* the quotation lopcode */
#define lop_loc  #1    /* the location lopcode */
#define lop_skip #2    /* the skip lopcode */
#define lop_fixo  #3    /* the octabyte-fix lopcode */
#define lop_fixr  #4    /* the relative-fix lopcode */
#define lop_fixrx #5    /* extended relative-fix lopcode */
#define lop_file  #6    /* the file name lopcode */
#define lop_line  #7    /* the file position lopcode */
#define lop_spec  #8    /* the special hook lopcode */
#define lop_pre   #9    /* the preamble lopcode */
#define lop_post  #a    /* the postamble lopcode */
#define lop_stab  #b    /* the symbol table lopcode */
#define lop_end   #c    /* the end-it-all lopcode */

```

**8. Low-level arithmetic.** This program is intended to work correctly whenever an **int** has at least 32 bits.

```

⟨Type definitions 8⟩ ≡
typedef unsigned char byte;    /* a monobyte */
typedef unsigned int tetra;    /* a tetrabyte */
typedef struct { tetra h, l;
} octa;    /* an octabyte */

```

This code is used in section 1\*.

**9.** The *incr* subroutine adds a signed integer to an (unsigned) octabyte.

```

⟨Subroutines 3*⟩ +≡
octa incr ARGS((octa, int));
octa incr(o, delta)
    octa o;
    int delta;
{
    register tetra t;
    octa x;
    if (delta ≥ 0) {
        t = #ffffff - delta;
        if (o.l ≤ t) x.l = o.l + delta, x.h = o.h;
        else x.l = o.l - t - 1, x.h = o.h + 1;
    }
    else {
        t = -delta;
        if (o.l ≥ t) x.l = o.l - t, x.h = o.h;
        else x.l = o.l + (#ffffff + delta) + 1, x.h = o.h - 1;
    }
    return x;
}

```

**10. Low-level input.** The tetrabytes of an `mmo` file are stored in friendly big-endian fashion, but this program is supposed to work also on computers that are little-endian. Therefore we read four successive bytes and pack them into a tetrabyte, instead of reading a single tetrabyte.

⟨Subroutines 3\*⟩ +≡

```

void read_tet ARGS((void));
void read_tet()
{
    if (fread(buf, 1, 4, mmo_file) ≠ 4) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Unexpected_end_of_file_after_%d_tetras!\n", count);
        exit(-3);
    }
    yz = (buf[2] << 8) + buf[3];
    tet = (((buf[0] << 8) + buf[1]) << 16) + yz;
    if (verbose) printf("_%08x\n", tet);
    count++;
}

```

11. ⟨Subroutines 3\*⟩ +≡

```

byte read_byte ARGS((void));
byte read_byte()
{
    register byte b;
    if (¬byte_count) read_tet();
    b = buf[byte_count];
    byte_count = (byte_count + 1) & 3;
    return b;
}

```

12. ⟨Global variables 5\*⟩ +≡

```

int count;    /* the number of tetrabytes we've read */
int byte_count; /* index of the next-to-be-read byte */
byte buf[4];  /* the most recently read bytes */
int yz;       /* the two least significant bytes */
tetra tet;   /* buf bytes packed big-endianwise */

```

13. ⟨Initialize everything 4⟩ +≡

```

count = byte_count = 0;

```

**14\*** **The main loop.** Now for the bread-and-butter part of this program.

```

⟨List the next item 14*⟩ ≡
{
    read_tet();
loop: if (buf[0] == mm)
    switch (buf[1]) {
        case lop_quote: if (yz != 1) err("YZ_field_of_lop_quote_should_be_1");
            read_tet(); break;
        ⟨Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 19⟩
        default: err("Unknown_lopcode");
    }
    store_image(cur_loc, tet);
    if (listing) ⟨List tet as a normal item 16*⟩;
    cur_loc = incr(cur_loc, 4); cur_loc.l &= -4;
}

```

This code is used in section 1\*.

**15.** We want to catch all cases where the rules of mmo format are not obeyed. The *err* macro ameliorates this somewhat tedious chore.

```

#define err(m)
    { fprintf(stderr, "Error_in_tetra%d: %s!\n", count, m); continue; }

```

**16\*** In a normal situation, the newly read tetrabyte is simply supposed to be loaded into the current location. We list not only the current location but also the current file position, if *cur\_line* is nonzero and *cur\_loc* belongs to segment 0.

```

⟨List tet as a normal item 16*⟩ ≡
{
    printf("%08x%08x: %08x", cur_loc.h, cur_loc.l, tet);
    if (!cur_line) printf("\n");
    else {
        if (cur_loc.h & #e0000000) printf("\n");
        else {
            if (cur_file == listed_file) printf("(line %d)\n", cur_line);
            else {
                printf("(\"%s\", %d)\n", file_name[cur_file], cur_line);
                listed_file = cur_file;
            }
        }
    }
    cur_line++;
}
}

```

This code is used in section 14\*.

**17.** ⟨Global variables 5\*⟩ +≡

```

octa cur_loc;    /* the current location */
int listed_file; /* the most recently listed file number */
int cur_file;    /* the most recently selected file number */
int cur_line;    /* the current position in cur_file */
char *file_name[256]; /* file names seen */
octa tmp;        /* an octabyte of temporary interest */

```

**18.**  $\langle \text{Initialize everything 4} \rangle + \equiv$   
 $cur\_loc.h = cur\_loc.l = 0;$   
 $listed\_file = cur\_file = -1;$   
 $cur\_line = 0;$

**19. The simple lopcodes.** We have already implemented *lop\_quote*, which falls through to the normal case after reading an extra tetrabyte. Now let's consider the other lopcodes in turn.

```
#define y buf[2] /* the next-to-least significant byte */
#define z buf[3] /* the least significant byte */
```

⟨ Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 19 ⟩ ≡

```
case lop_loc: if (z ≡ 2) {
    j = y; read_tet(); cur_loc.h = (j ≪ 24) + tet;
} else if (z ≡ 1) cur_loc.h = y ≪ 24;
else err("Z_field_of_lop_loc_should_be_1_or_2");
read_tet(); cur_loc.l = tet;
continue;
case lop_skip: cur_loc = incr(cur_loc, yz); continue;
```

See also sections 20\*, 21, 22, and 23.

This code is used in section 14\*.

**20\*** Fixups load information out of order, when future references have been resolved. The current file name and line number are not considered relevant.

⟨ Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 19 ⟩ +≡

```
case lop_fixo: if (z ≡ 2) {
    j = y; read_tet(); tmp.h = (j ≪ 24) + tet;
} else if (z ≡ 1) tmp.h = y ≪ 24;
else err("Z_field_of_lop_fixo_should_be_1_or_2");
read_tet(); tmp.l = tet;
store_image(tmp, cur_loc.h);
if (listing) printf("%08x%08x: %08x\n", tmp.h, tmp.l, cur_loc.h);
tmp = incr(tmp, 4);
store_image(tmp, cur_loc.l);
if (listing) printf("%08x%08x: %08x\n", tmp.h, tmp.l, cur_loc.l);
continue;
case lop_fixr: delta = yz;
goto fixr;
case lop_fixrx: j = yz; if (j ≠ 16 ∧ j ≠ 24) err("YZ_field_of_lop_fixrx_should_be_16_or_24");
read_tet();
delta = tet;
if (delta & #fe000000) err("increment_of_lop_fixrx_is_too_large");
fixr: tmp = incr(cur_loc, -(delta ≥ #1000000 ? (delta & #ffffff) - (1 ≪ j) : delta) ≪ 2);
store_image(tmp, delta);
if (listing) printf("%08x%08x: %08x\n", tmp.h, tmp.l, delta);
continue;
```



**21.** The space for file names isn't allocated until we are sure we need it.

( Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 19 ) +≡

```

case lop_file: if (file_name[y]) {
    for (j = z; j > 0; j--) read_tet();
    cur_file = y;
    if (z) err("Two_file_names_with_the_same_number");
} else {
    if (¬z) err("No_name_given_for_newly_selected_file");
    file_name[y] = (char *) calloc(4 * z + 1, 1);
    if (¬file_name[y]) {
        fprintf(stderr, "No_room_to_store_the_file_name!\n"); exit(-4);
    }
    cur_file = y;
    for (j = z, p = file_name[y]; j > 0; j--, p += 4) {
        read_tet();
        *p = buf[0]; *(p + 1) = buf[1]; *(p + 2) = buf[2]; *(p + 3) = buf[3];
    }
}
cur_line = 0; continue;
case lop_line: if (cur_file < 0) err("No_file_was_selected_for_lop_line");
cur_line = yz; continue;

```

**22.** Special bytes in the file might be in synch with the current location and/or the current file position, so we list those parameters too.

( Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 19 ) +≡

```

case lop_spec: if (listing) {
    printf("Special_data_at_loc%08x%08x", yz, cur_loc.h, cur_loc.l);
    if (¬cur_line) printf("\\n");
    else if (cur_file ≡ listed_file) printf("_(line%d)\\n", cur_line);
    else {
        printf("_(\\\"%s\\\",_(line%d)\\n", file_name[cur_file], cur_line);
        listed_file = cur_file;
    }
}
while (1) {
    read_tet();
    if (buf[0] ≡ mm) {
        if (buf[1] ≠ lop_quote ∨ yz ≠ 1) goto loop; /* end of special data */
        read_tet();
    }
    if (listing) printf("_%%%%%%%%%%%%%08x\\n", tet);
}

```

**23.** The other cases shouldn't appear in the main loop.

( Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 19 ) +≡

```

case lop_pre: err("Can't_have_another_preamble");
case lop_post: postamble = 1;
    if (y) err("Y_field_of_lop_post_should_be_zero");
    if (z < 32) err("Z_field_of_lop_post_must_be_32_or_more");
    continue;
case lop_stab: err("Symbol_table_must_follow_postamble");
case lop_end: err("Symbol_table_can't_end_before_it_begins");

```

**24. The preamble and postamble.** Now here's what we do before and after the main loop.

⟨List the preamble 24⟩ ≡

```

read_tet(); /* read the first tetrabyte of input */
if (buf[0] ≠ mm ∨ buf[1] ≠ lop_pre) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Input_is_not_an_MMO_file_(first_two_bytes_are_wrong)!\n");
    exit(-5);
}
if (y ≠ 1)
    fprintf(stderr, "Warning: I'm_reading_this_file_as_version_1,_not_version_%d!\n", y);
if (z > 0) {
    j = z;
    read_tet();
    if (listing) {
        time_t t = tet;
        printf("File_was_created_%s", asctime(localtime(&t)));
    }
    for (j--; j > 0; j--) {
        read_tet();
        if (listing) printf("Preamble_data_%08x\n", tet);
    }
}

```

This code is used in section 1\*.

**25.** ⟨List the postamble 25⟩ ≡

```

for (j = z; j < 256; j++) {
    read_tet(); tmp.h = tet; read_tet();
    if (listing) {
        if (tmp.h ∨ tet) printf("g%03d:_%08x%08x\n", j, tmp.h, tet);
        else printf("g%03d:_0\n", j);
    }
}

```

This code is used in section 1\*.

**26. The symbol table.** Finally we come to the symbol table, which is the most interesting part of this program because it recursively traces an implicit ternary trie structure.

⟨List the symbol table 26⟩ ≡

```

    read_tet();
    if (buf[0] ≠ mm ∨ buf[1] ≠ lop_stab) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Symbol_table_does_not_follow_the_postamble!\n");
        exit(-6);
    }
    if (yz) fprintf(stderr, "YZ_field_of_lop_stab_should_be_zero!\n");
    printf("Symbol_table(beginning_at_tetra%d):\n", count);
    stab_start = count;
    sym_ptr = sym_buf;
    print_stab();
    ⟨Check the lop_end 31⟩;

```

This code is used in section 1\*.

**27.** The main work is done by a recursive subroutine called *print\_stab*, which manipulates a global array *sym\_buf* containing the current symbol prefix; the global variable *sym\_ptr* points to the first unfilled character of that array.

⟨Subroutines 3\*⟩ +≡

```

    void print_stab ARGS((void));
    void print_stab()
    {
        register int m = read_byte();    /* the master control byte */
        register int c;    /* the character at the current trie node */
        register int j, k;
        if (m & #40) print_stab();    /* traverse the left subtrie, if it is nonempty */
        if (m & #2f) {
            ⟨Read the character c 28⟩;
            *sym_ptr++ = c;
            if (sym_ptr ≡ &sym_buf[sym_length_max]) {
                fprintf(stderr, "Oops,_the_symbol_is_too_long!\n"); exit(-7);
            }
            if (m & #f) ⟨Print the current symbol with its equivalent and serial number 29⟩;
            if (m & #20) print_stab();    /* traverse the middle subtrie */
            sym_ptr--;
        }
        if (m & #10) print_stab();    /* traverse the right subtrie, if it is nonempty */
    }

```

**28.** The present implementation doesn't support Unicode; characters with more than 8-bit codes are printed as '?'. However, the changes for 16-bit codes would be quite easy if proper fonts for Unicode output were available. In that case, *sym\_buf* would be an array of wyde characters.

⟨Read the character c 28⟩ ≡

```

    if (m & #80) j = read_byte();    /* 16-bit character */
    else j = 0;
    c = read_byte();
    if (j) c = '?';    /* oops, we can't print (j ≪ 8) + c easily at this time */

```

This code is used in section 27.

29.  $\langle$  Print the current symbol with its equivalent and serial number 29  $\rangle \equiv$

```

{
    *sym_ptr = '\0';
    j = m & #f;
    if (j  $\equiv$  15) sprintf(equiv_buf, "$%03d", read_byte());
    else if (j  $\leq$  8) {
        strcpy(equiv_buf, "#");
        for (; j > 0; j--) sprintf(equiv_buf + strlen(equiv_buf), "%02x", read_byte());
        if (strcmp(equiv_buf, "#0000")  $\equiv$  0) strcpy(equiv_buf, "?"); /* undefined */
    } else {
        strncpy(equiv_buf, "#2000000000000000", 33 - 2 * j);
        equiv_buf[33 - 2 * j] = '\0';
        for (; j > 8; j--) sprintf(equiv_buf + strlen(equiv_buf), "%02x", read_byte());
    }
    for (j = k = read_byte(); ; k = read_byte(), j = (j  $\ll$  7) + k)
        if (k  $\geq$  128) break; /* the serial number is now j - 128 */
    printf("░░░░░%s░=%s░(%d)\n", sym_buf + 1, equiv_buf, j - 128);
}

```

This code is used in section 27.

30. `#define sym_length_max 1000`

$\langle$  Global variables 5\*  $\rangle + \equiv$

```

int stab_start; /* where the symbol table began */
char sym_buf[sym_length_max]; /* the characters on middle transitions to current node */
char *sym_ptr; /* the character in sym_buf following the current prefix */
char equiv_buf[20]; /* equivalent of the current symbol */

```

31.  $\langle$  Check the lop\_end 31  $\rangle \equiv$

```

while (byte_count)
    if (read_byte()) fprintf(stderr, "Nonzero░byte░follows░the░symbol░table!\n");
read_tet();
if (buf[0]  $\neq$  mm  $\vee$  buf[1]  $\neq$  lop_end)
    fprintf(stderr, "The░symbol░table░isn't░followed░by░lop_end!\n");
else if (count - stab_start - 1  $\neq$  yz)
    fprintf(stderr, "YZ░field░at░lop_end░should░have░been░%d!\n", count - stab_start - 1);
else {
    if (verbose) printf("Symbol░table░ends░at░tetra░%d.\n", count);
    if (fread(buf, 1, 1, mmo_file)) fprintf(stderr, "Extra░bytes░follow░the░lop_end!\n");
}

```

This code is used in section 26.

**32\*** **Writing the image file.** We first write the image to a long array of tetras keeping track of the highest index we used in writing.

```
#define max_image_tetras #100000
```

```
< Global variables 5* > +=
```

```
    tetra image[max_image_tetras];
```

```
    int image_tetras = 0;
```

**33\*** We fill the array using this function. It checks that the location is greater or equal to base and less than the upper bound. The program terminates with an error message if the output will not fit into the image. If the listing is enabled, an asterisk will precede lines that produce entries in the image file.

```
< Subroutines 3* > +=
```

```
void store_image ARGS((octa, tetra));
```

```
void store_image(loc, tet)
```

```
    octa loc;
```

```
    tetra tet;
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    octa x;
```

```
    if ((loc.h < base.h ∨ (loc.h ≡ base.h ∧ loc.l < base.l)) ∨ (upper.h < loc.h ∨ (upper.h ≡ loc.h ∧ upper.l ≤ loc.l))) {
```

```
        if (listing) printf("_");
```

```
        return;
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (listing) printf("*");
```

```
    x.h = loc.h - base.h; x.l = loc.l - base.l;
```

```
    if (x.l > loc.l) x.h--;
```

```
    i = x.l >> 2;
```

```
    if (x.h ≠ 0 ∨ i ≥ max_image_tetras) {
```

```
        fprintf(stderr, "Location_08x%08x_to_large_for_image_(max_%x)", loc.h, loc.l, max_image_tetras * 4);
```

```
        exit(1);
```

```
    }
```

```
    image[i] ⊕= tet;
```

```
    if (i ≥ image_tetras) image_tetras = i + 1;
```

```
}
```

**34\*** Before we can open the output file, we have to determine a filename for the output file. We either replace the extension .mmo or .MMO of the input file name by .img (for image) or we append the extension .img to the input file name.

⟨ Open the image file 34\* ⟩ ≡

```
{
    char *extension;
    image_file_name = (char *) calloc(strlen(argv[argc - 1]) + 5, 1);
    if (¬image_file_name) {
        fprintf(stderr, "No room to store the file name!\n"); exit(-4);
    }
    strcpy(image_file_name, argv[argc - 1]);
    extension = image_file_name + strlen(image_file_name) - 4;
    if (strcmp(extension, ".mmo") ≡ 0 ∨ strcmp(extension, ".mmo") ≡ 0) strcpy(extension, ".img");
    else strcat(image_file_name, ".img");
    image_file = fopen(image_file_name, "wb");
    if (¬image_file) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Can't open file %s!\n", "bios.img");
        exit(-3);
    }
}
```

This code is used in section 35\*.

**35\*** Last not least we can

⟨ Write the image file 35\* ⟩ ≡

⟨ Open the image file 34\* ⟩

```
{
    int i;
    unsigned char buffer[4];
    tetra tet;

    printf("Writing %d byte to image file %s\n", image_tetras * 4, image_file_name);
    for (i = 0; i < image_tetras; i++) {
        tet = image[i];
        buffer[0] = (tet >> (3 * 8)) & #FF;
        buffer[1] = (tet >> (2 * 8)) & #FF;
        buffer[2] = (tet >> (1 * 8)) & #FF;
        buffer[3] = (tet) & #FF;
        fwrite(buffer, 1, 4, image_file);
    }
}

fclose(image_file);
```

This code is used in section 1\*.

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